Numb. 344.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From July 3. to July 10. 1735.

DANTZICK, April 12.

DIVERS Parties have appeared for ſome Days, on the Roads leading from this City to Koningsburg; they ſtop all Carriages, both publick and private, for to inform themſelves of the Rank and Quality of the Paſſengers, and ſecure all thoſe who are not furniſhed with Paſſports; and tho' thoſe Parties have not a Military Habit, 'tis nevertheleſs believed, they belong to the Garriſon of Fort Weyſelmund, and are detach'd to watch the Poles, who may retire from Poland to Koningsburg; they have already ſtopt 2 or 3, who were paſſing by this City; but whoſe Names are unknown; theſe People keep in the Woods near Hahlberg.

Koningsburg, April 12. There was publiſhed here, an Account of two Skirmiſhes, which lately happened, between the Regimentary Pociey, and a Body of Ruſſian Troops compoſed of 2000 Foot, and ſome Horſe and Coſſacks, under the Command of Mr. Ozemblowski; this Relation is, in Subſtance, that the Regimentary, who had advanced into Podlachia, having received Advice, that the Ruſſians were in March to attack him, thought proper to retire, which he did, in good Order, as far as Wesknoycie, a Place belonging to Colonel Baranowski, where he arrived the 1ſt of this Month. That Mr. Ozemblowski, who hotly purſued him, during his March, was come the 2d in the Morning, with all his Cavalry, and Part of his Infantry, to attack the Quarters of the Regimentary Pociey, thinking to ſurpriſe him; but the Poliſh General having Notice of it, gave Orders to Colonel Baskowski, to charge the Ruſſians, which he did, with ſo much Succeſs, that after an Engagement of ſome Hours, the Ruſſians were obliged to retire, to a little Wood; that the 3d Mr. Ozemblowski, having ordered the reſt of his Infantry, and two Pieces of Cannon, to advance, came to a ſecond Engagement with the Poles, who defended themſelves with a great deal of Bravery, and obliged the Ruſſians again to retire to Wierzbelon; and that after this Action, the Regimentary Pociey, had continued his March towards Szeznez, where he was to join the Body under the Command of the Palatine of Volhinia. 'Tis reported, that in both theſe Rencounters, there were above 300 Ruſſians kill'd or wounded, and that the Loſs of the Poles was very trifling. The Count Ozarowski, who had ſome Time ago quitted the Army of the Palatine of Lublin, to embark at Colburg, arrived here the 8th of this Month, with ſome other Poliſh Lords. We learn from Pillau, that the ſame Day the ſaid Count debarked there, an armed Bark arrived there from Elbing, having on Board 40 Saxons, whoſe Commander demanded a Pilot to conduct him to Sea; but having not been able to execute his Deſign, on Account of contrary Winds, he returned to Elbing; 'tis preſumed, this Bark was deſigned to cruize on the Poles, who come by Sea to this City.

London, April 19. 'Tis adviſed from Koningsburg, of the 15th inſtant, that according to a Liſt which is publiſhed there, the Poliſh Lords, who are come to join King Staniſlaus, conſiſts of 45 Palatines, Staroſts, Caſtellans, Biſhops, Prelates and Officers of the Crown, beſides 24 Marſhals and 50 Deputies of Poland, 12 Marſhals and 24 Deputies of Lithuania, and above 100 private Gentlemen, and they ſtill expected, every Moment, the Marſhal of the General Confederacy of Poland with 70 Deputies, and Count Oginski, Marſhal of the Confederacy of Lithuania with 50 Deputies; and that King Staniſlaus continues to receive great Sums from France.

On the other Hand, ſome Letters from the Frontiers of Poland, aſſure us, that the Caſtellan of Czerski, who had ſeparated from the Palatine of Lublin, had concluded a Ceſſation of Arms for eight Days, and made his Submiſſion, with the Troops under him, to King Auguſtus; and that the ſaid Palatine was diſpoſed to follow his Example.

Theſe Letters confirm the ſpeedy March of

of 30,000 Ruſſians into Germany, and 'twas reckoned the whole Body would be on the Rhine by the End of June, and each Battalion will be allowed 200 Horſes to carry the Equipage.

They tell us from Naples, that the Spaniards, by amaſſing ſuch great Quantities of Proviſions, &c. at Peſcara, on the Borders of the Adriatick Sea, makes it apprehended, they have ſome Deſign againſt Trieſte and Fiume.

From Vienna of the 13th, that Prince Eugene has had ſeveral Conferences with the Miniſters of England and Holland, and has fix'd his departure to the Rhine for the 22d.

'Tis written from Madrid, of the 5th inſtant, that the Troops which had Orders to march to the Frontiers of Portugal, conſiſt of 24 Battalions of regular Troops, 6 of Militia, and 40 Squadrons; and they had learnt, that the Court of Portugal cauſed Troops alſo to march to the Frontiers of Spain, had ſent thither Store of Proviſions, and were fortifying the Places with all Diligence.

The Imperial Troops, and thoſe of the Empire, are already cantoned in the Towns and Villages, from Heidelburg to Bruſchal, and along the Neckar, ſo as in 24 Hours, to aſſemble 70,000 Men; and the French begin to aſſemble on the Side of Spires.

Yeſterday was held a Court of Common-Council, when a Petition to the Houſe of Commons was reſolved on, againſt the increaſing Number of Play-houſes in the Suburbs of the City of London, and the ſame being drawn up, the Sheriff was directed to preſent it, which he did accordingly.

A Petition was alſo preſented, ſigned by ſeveral Juſtices of the Peace, of the County of Middleſex, in behalf of the Bill *For reſtraining the Number of Houſes for Playing Interludes, and for the better Regulating Common Players of Interludes.*

April, 29. We hear from the Hague, that ſome Days ago, Don Lewis da Concha, Ambaſſador of Portugal, had a conference with the Deputies of the States General, who communicated to him a vigorous Reſolution concerning the Grievances they had to complain of at the Court of Portugal, particularly with regard to the Pretentions of our Weſt-India Company; but we are told thoſe Deputies made that Miniſter no Anſwer to his Propoſal in relation to the Difference between Spain and Portugal. He is ſhortly to preſent another Memorial upon that Subject; and we are impatient till we hear what Anſwer is returned him. It is generally expected, that France will follow the Example of the King of Great Britain, by a Tender of her good Offices for reconciling their Catholick and Portugueze Majeſties; but moſt People ſeem to apprehend, that all theſe good Offices will fail of the deſired Succeſs. The main Queſtion then will be, *Whether the Crown of* Great Britain *will aſſiſt the King of* Portugal.

All Converſations here turn at preſent upon the Manifeſto, which the King of Portugal has publiſhed againſt Spain. Here that Prince rips up ſeveral old Sores, Complaints of long ſtanding againſt that Court; and among the reſt, the non-performance of the Promiſe made by his Catholick Majeſty to abdicate the Crown in favour of Prince Aſturias, as ſoon as he was returned to the Palace of Madrid, which he has not done; and the Reaſon his Portugueze Majeſty takes to be, that the Queen oppoſes it, whoſe Views are united for aggrandizing of her own Children, to which ſhe ſacrifices the moſt valuable Intereſts of the Kingdom of Spain, *&c.*

Let them diſpoſe of thoſe Grievances in what Manner they pleaſe, we have Letters from Lisbon of the 9th paſt, which aſſures us, that the Armies on both ſides were on full March for the reſpective Frontiers, and that extraordinary Preparations are making throughout the Kingdom of *Portugal*. They have no great Stores of Ammunition at preſent; but they that have Money, will ſoon have every thing elſe that they want.

'Tis written from different Quarters, that a certain Court has concluded a Treaty with the two Chriſtian Empires, for maintaining the Elector of Saxony upon the throne of Poland: 'Tis even ſaid, the Court of France has been ſome time Maſter of an Authentick Copy of that Treaty.

Laſt Friday Morning died of a Pleuretick Fever, after about four Days illneſs, at his Seat at Rufford, near Preſton in Lancaſhire, Thomas Hesketh, Eſq; a Gentleman of about 2000 *l.* per Ann. He was Member of Parliament for Preſton in the ſixth Parliament of Great Britain, ſummoned to meet *May* 10, 1722, and diſſolved *Aug.* 5, 1727. and was deſired to ſtand Candidate for the Borough in the preſent Parliament, which he declin'd; he was a Gentleman of fine Parts, of a ſweet affable Diſpoſition, and extreamly well belov'd by all the Gentlemen of the Country, ſo that his Death is greatly lamented. He married the Daughter of Mr. S. Amand, a great Apothecary in Covent Garden, by whom he has left two Sons, the eldeſt about eleven Years of Age.

We hear Sir Thomas Geraldino, Agent for the King of Spain to the South-Sea Company, has prepar'd Propoſals, which will be laid before the General Court next Friday, for purchaſing the Company's Trade.

Dublin, *April* 19. Laſt Friday Evening a Seizure was made of ſome Brandy and Tea, at Bollock, by the King's Officers. The next Morning ſeveral Perſons concerned in the Running, endeavoured to retake them; upon which a great Skirmiſh enſu'd, wherein ſeveral Perſons were wounded on both Sides. One Mr. Brown an Officer, was ſhot through the Thigh, and had the Calf of his Leg almoſt cut off. The King's Officers made a tolerable good Seizure; but the greateſt Part was carried off by the Smuglers, although three of them are ſuppoſed to be killed.

April,

April, 22. They write from Ballymony, in the County of Antrim, that the Poſt of the 15th of this inſtant, having carried there the agreeable News of the Right Hon. Alexander Earl of Antrim's being married laſt Thurſday, to Miſs Pennefather, Capt. Alexander Mc. Aulay, John Coppage, Eſq; and Mr. Patrick Mc Cormick, Attorney at Law, in his Highland Dreſs, with ſeveral Highland Pipers, (and other Perſons of Diſtinction) met at the Houſe of Mr. Daniel Mc Neil, and cauſed a Hogſhead of Whisky to be put into a Brewing-Kettle, and ſet Fire to it in the open Street, where they continued drinking a good Health to their young Lord and Counteſs, and Lord Danlace in the Box; and danc'd round the Kettle, and at every Bumper huzza'd, and cry'd Lord Antrim and his Counteſs forever; ſo that the whole Night was concluded with ringing of Bells, Piping, Dancing, Drinking, broken Bones, and other Demonſtrations of Joy.

London, *April* 16. We hear that the new Portugueſe Envoy has Orders to buy here in England 20,000 Muskets and Bayonets.

April, 19. We hear that the Portugueſe Envoy has demanded of his Majeſty, in purſuance of the Treaties ſubſiſting between this Crown and that of Portugal, to ſend a Fleet immediately into the Mediterranean, to Succour him from the Threats of the Spaniards, who are equipping a Large Number of Ships at Cadiz with great Expedition.

His Majeſty's Intentions on this Head are not made publick, but the Fleet is ordered to be victualled with all poſſible Diſpatch, and put in Readineſs for any Expedition.

His Excellency the Spaniſh Ambaſſador is continually in Conference with the Miniſters of State to traverſe the Negotiations of the Portugal Envoy.

His Portugueſe Majeſty is ſo deſtitute of a regular Force to oppoſe the Spaniards, that he has ordered Money and Arms to be put into the Hand of any of his Subjects who will fight for him. --- They write from Lisbon, that the Princeſs of Brazil, Infanta of Spain, has been oblig'd to diſmiſs from her Service all the Officers of her Houſhold, and other Domeſticks that were Spaniards.

Don Lewis d'Acunha, the Portugueſe Miniſter at the Hague, is as buſy there to obtain a Succour from the States General, as Don Avezedo can be here; His Excellency ſollicits likewiſe upon the Score of Treaties, but their High Mightineſſes do not ſeem diſpos'd at preſent to give him his Anſwer.

We hear that the Court of Great Britain in conjunction with that of France will offer their good Offices for accommodating the Difference lately ariſen between the Kings of Portugal and Spain.

Our Letters from Naples ſpeak of a Piece of good Fortune which happened lately to a Peaſant at Palmi: Don Carlos being one Day hunting, was catch'd in a terrible Storm, and forced to take ſhelter in the firſt Cottage he came to; the Peaſant's Wife was in Labour when he enter'd the Houſe, but was deliver'd the Moment after of a Boy; his Royal Highneſs, pleaſed at the Accident, order'd the Child immediately to be chriſten'd, ſtood God-Father himſelf and gave him his own Name. He made a Preſent of 50 Piſtoles to the Woman in the Straw, and 2000 Ducates to the Boy; he alſo ordered him a Penſion of 25 Ducates a Month till he comes to be 7 Years old, and that he ſhould be then brought to Court for his Education.

'Tis ſaid the French Court declar'd in the Anſwer they gave to the Repreſentatives made them to approve the new Plan, that as they could by no means accept an Accommodation which did not leave King Staniſlaus upon the Throne of Poland de Facto, *ſo they would conſent to no Armiſtice, unleſs the Foreign Troops retir'd out of the Kingdom; adding*, That it was kind in the Mediators to deviſe a Salvo for King Staniſlaus's Honour, though his Majeſty ſhould never have Occaſion for it; and that to ſhew their Senſe of the Civility, they ſhould be glad to concur in a Project for ſatisfying the Honour of the Elector of Saxony in like Manner: *Meaning as it is preſum'd that they were willing to turn the Tables, and allow King Auguſtus the Glory of reſigning, and that he might keep what empty Titles he pleaſed.*

April, 28. *They give us from Warſaw the important News, that the poliſh Army under Count Tarlo, which lately ſpread ſuch a Terror in Germany by their Irruption into Sileſia, and then threaten'd Invaſion of Saxony, having been purſued on all Sides by the Ruſſian and Saxon Troops, are intirely broke and reduced, and the Count himſelf oblig'd to fly to King Staniſlaus for ſhelter, after having croſs'd Poland in Deſpair, under the Eſcort of above* 100 *Horſe, who were determin'd to die or defend him. Three Regiments of Dragoons, which he had form'd upon the Foot of the German Troops, went off in a Body, and are arrived at Warſaw, where King Auguſtus receiv'd their Submiſſion; but as they were a new Corps, and independant of the Crown Troops, his Majeſty broke the Regiments, in order to incorporate the Officers and Soldiers with the Veteran Troops. Count Tarlo in his Retreat from Sileſia made ſeveral Attempts to croſs the Viſtula, but the Waters being out, none of his Men would venture, except about four Poliſh Companies, and they were no ſooner got on the other Side, but a Party of Ruſſians ſurrounded them and took them all Priſoners. The Caſtellan of Czerski, who commanded under the Count, ſeeing the Troops without a Poſſibility of ſubſiſting, threw down his Arms, which Example was followed by all the Army, except three Companies whom the Ruſſians were purſuing when the Letters came away. The Ruſſians have taken all the Artillery of the Poliſh Army.*

Charlestown, *June* 21. On Tueſday Night three Negroes were breaking open the Brewhouſe of Capt. *Windham*, the Brewer awaking

ing, catch'd one of them whom he found to be one of Mr *David Hext's* Negroes, who then eſcap'd, but being taken up the next Morning, he confeſs'd the Fact, and further ſaid, there were two more Rogues in Company with him who always carried Piſtols with them: Two Conſtables have been in ſearch of them, but they are not yet apprehended. They had taken out of the ſaid Brew-Houſe 2 Hats, 1 Coat and one Shirt, belonging to the Brewer, but having been diſturb'd, they left all behind and made off. We hear the ſame Rogues came to the ſame Place again, laſt night, but a Gun being fired at them, they marched off.

On Thurſday a diſcovery was made of a Theft, committed by ſome Negroes belonging to Mr. *James Crokatt*, of *Charleſtown* Mercht. they had ſtolen out of their Maſter's Store a conſiderable Quantity of Goods to the value of above 2000 Pounds, hid and buried ſeveral of them under Ground in his own Yard, carried others to ſuch Houſes and Perſons as they knew would receive and conceal the ſame, and gave ſome to other Negroes of their Acquaintance. It is ſuppoſed a great many Negroes are concern'd In this Robbery, and no doubt but ſome white Perſons that are Coucealers of ſuch Goods will be detected at the Tryal of theſe Negroes, and brought to condign Puniſhment.

Boſton, June 30. By Capt. *Bardine*, who arrived here on the 28th Inſtant, from the North Side of *Jamaica*, we are informed that a Body of Men Whites and Blacks belonging to the Pariſhes of St. *Ann's* and St. *James's*, in two Days March from the Queen of *Spain's* Valley (ſo called) came up with a Party of the rebellious Negroes in the Cock Pitts, killed 14, wounded 4 and took 4 Priſoners. This is reckoned the greateſt Action that has of late happened, and chiefly owing to the good Conduct of the Commanding Officers, one whereof was dangerouſly wounded in the Shoulder. The Engliſh Negroes behaved bravely in order to ſuppreſs the Rebels.

New-York, July 7. On the 3d Inſtant Col. *Robert Lurting*, Mayor of this City died, much lamented; and on Saturday Night laſt was decently buried.

Mr. *Paul Richard* of this City Merchant, is appointed to ſucceed him in the Office of Mayor, Clerk of the Market and Water Bayliff, and this Day was ſworn into thoſe Offices.

On Fryday laſt, a Brigantine arrived here in 25 Days from *Jamaica*, and yeſterday another Brigantine from the ſame Iſland, in 21 Days, Commodore Dent was arrived there from England, and ſome other Men of War, the Governor not arrived; That 1700 or 1800 Men were ſtill out after the rebellious Negroes, that they had killed and taken ſome few of them.

We have Advice from *Madeira* of the 25th of *May*, *N. S.* That the King of Portugal ſeems reſolv'd to declare War againſt Spain; That Great Britain and France endeavour an Accommodation; and that France and Spain threaten to have great Fleets at Sea; and that the King of Portugal demands Men and Ships from England.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, *July* 7. *Entred in.*

Durham and Pelley from Antigua, Wentworth from Nevis, Thomas from Barbadoes, Mansfield from Jamaica, Leacraft from Bermuda, Kip from St. Auguſtine.

Entred out. Leacraft for Jamaica, Croſs for No Carolina.

Cleared. Nealſon to Newfoundland, Painter and Burows to Coracoa, Virdil and Leacraft to Jamaica, Cornell to Gibraltar, Wadland to Briſtol.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 3.

A few Days ago, ſome Fiſhermen took a Shark in a Net, in the River a little above this City; he was upwards of ſeven Foot long; 'Tis but ſeldom a Shark is found ſo high in freſh Water.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

Scooner Dolphin, James Lusk, from So-Carolina,
Sloop Speedwell, Joſeph Hatton, from So-Carolina,
Brigt. Hampſhire, Richard Budden, from Antigoa,
Ship Amity, Thomas Bowling, from Barbadoes,

Entred out.

Sloop Droitwych, John Lindſey, for Cape-Fear,
Ship Seuſlower, William Heaſleton, for Boſton,
Brigt. Ann, James Rodger, for Dublin,
Scooner Dolphin, James Lusk, for So-Carolina,
Sloop Speedwell, Joſeph Hatton, for Boſton,
Brigt. Hampſhire, Richard Budden, for Weſt-Indies,
------ Mary, James Marſhall, for Dublin.

Cleared.

Ship Jane, John Richmond, to Barbadoes,
Sloop Droitwych, John Lindſey, to Cape-Feare,
Scooner Mary, Robert Way, to New-Caſtle,
Snow Swift, Nathan Cowman, to Oporto.

Advertiſements.

A *Fine large New-England Bay Horſe, black Tail and Main, 14 Hands high, 5 Years old laſt Spring, is a good Pacer; valued at* Twenty Pounds, *with an engliſh Bridle and Saddle; to be raffled for at the Houſe of Mr.* Owen Owen *the Sign of the Indian King in Market-Street; on Tuesday next at 3 in the Afternoon. The Horſe may be ſeen any time on Monday at the Place aforeſaid, where thoſe that upon ſeeing him ſhall be inclined to raffle, are deſired to enter their Names.*

LATELY *imported from* London, *and are to be Sold by Dr.* Peter Sonmans *over againſt the Baptiſt Meeting Houſe in Second-Street,* Philadelphia; *all Sorts of Druggs, and Chymical and Galenical Medicines; alſo the beſt Hungary Water, and very good Swert Almonds.*

To be SOLD,

THREE *Tracts of choice good arable Land, in the County of* Middleſex, *in the eaſtern Diviſion of* New-Jerſey, *ſituated on* Georges Road *in the Townſhip of* New-Brunſwick, *and but about 9 Miles from the City,* viz. *The one commonly known by the Name of the* Saplin Ridge, *containing* 235 *Acres of choice good well timber'd Upland, and has a Range of above* 1000 *Acres, which renders it very commodious for raiſing Stock, it being well water'd by* Lawrence's Brook *and ſundry Springs; and is joining to* William Cox's *Saw-Mill. One other in the* Great-Swamp *commonly ſo called, containing* 208 *Acres of choice well timber'd Land: great Part of which may be turn'd into Meadow, and by that means make a compleat Farm or Plantation. The other commonly known by the Name of* The Small Windfalls, *containing* 211 *Acres, twenty whereof is now exceeding good Meadow, the Reſidue being very well timber'd Land, good Soil, and well water'd; being bounded eaſtward by* Thomas Lawrence's *Land, weſterly by* John Nevil's *Lands Southerly and Notherly by* Robert Davis's *Land. Any Perſon enclining to purchaſe any of the aboveſaid Tracts of Land, may apply to* Peter Sonmans, *in* Philadelphia, *or* Benjamin Clark *jun. of* Stonybrook, *or* Barefoot Brinſon *of* Milſtone; *the two latter if deſired, will ſhew them the Premiſſes.*

RUN *away the* 18*th Inſtant, from* Thomas Uſtick *of Second River in* Newark, Eaſt-Jerſey, *an Iriſh Servant Man named* Owen Ward, *about* 23 *Years of Age, a ſlender-grown Man, with a large Scar on the left ſide of his Face under his Eye, and the fore finger of one of his Hands has loſt the firſt Joint; profeſſes to be a Husbandman and Miner. Had on a Hat ſcollop'd round the Brim, a white Wig, and a blue checked cotton Shirt. He was taken up and impriſon'd at* Burlington, *and after taking him from thence he made his Eſcape. Whoever takes up and brings him to* Thomas Dunning, *at the* George-Inn, *in* Philadelphia, *or to his ſaid Maſter, ſhall have* Forty Shillings *Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by*

Thomas Uſtick *or* Thomas Dunning.

RUN *away on the* 23*d Inſtant from the Widow* Ann Amos *at* Poqueſton, *a welſh Servant Man named* Thomas Roberts, *he is marked on his right Hand with the Letters T. R. about* 22 *Years of Age, had ſhort curl'd brown Hair, but perhaps has cut it off ſince he went away, is round viſag'd, full faced, and freſh colour'd, has wide Noſtrils and ſmall grey Eyes, is pretty tall and ſlim, ſpeaks good Engliſh and Iriſh, is much addicted to Liquor, ſings well, and ſometimes alters his Voice like a Woman. He had on when he went away a blue-grey broadcloth Coat, it has been turn'd and very few Plaits in the Sides; an old fine white Shirt, fine homeſpun Linnen Jacket which being too big for him is took up in the Sides and Back, coarſe homeſpun Trowſers, brown woollen Stockings, round-toed Shoes, braſs Buckels and has took an Ax with him. 'Tis ſuppoſed he is gone towards* York. *Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have* Forty Shillings *Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by* Ann Amos.

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Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.